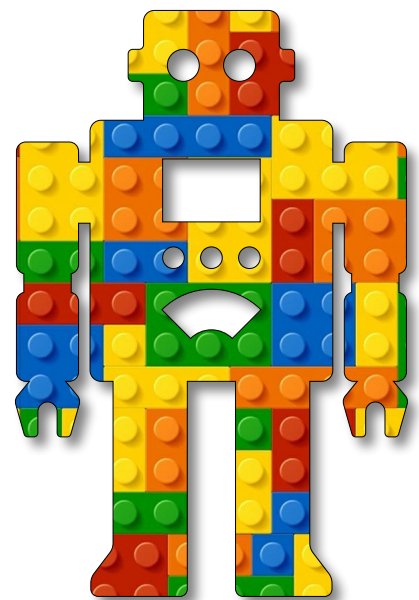


Intelligent  
Machines  
Module B  
Unit #3  
LED slider





## Module B Unit #3 LED slider

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## Introduction to LED slider

In this example, we are going to alter the brightness of the LED using a slider in p5.js.

The `index.html` file remains unaltered.

The `port.js` file remains unaltered.



## Sketch B3.1 receiving a value

### ! Our Arduino sketch

Remove everything in the `Serial.available()` loop and replace it with the code highlighted below. We are going to be sending an integer value from `p5.js` to the Arduino, and it will alter the brightness of the LED. To receive the value, we create an integer called `val`.

```
Arduino

const int ledPin = 13;
int val = 0;

void setup()
{
  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
  Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop()
{
  if (Serial.available() > 0)
  {
    val = Serial.read();
    analogWrite(ledPin, val);
  }
}
```



### Notes

Now upload the sketch.



### Code Explanation

<code>int val = 0;</code>	Creating the integer variable
<code>val = Serial.read();</code>	Reading the integer value form the p5.js sketch
<code>analogWrite(ledPin, val);</code>	Write that value to the LED



## Sketch B3.2 starting sketch

! The main sketch.js

We include the `navigation()` function in our basic sketch.

```
sketch.js

function setup()
{
  createCanvas(400, 400)
  navigation()
}

function draw()
{
  background(220)
}
```



### Notes

We need to include the `navigation()` function each time.



## Sketch B3.3 slider

Adding the slider.

```
sketch.js

let slider

function setup()
{
  createCanvas(400, 400)
  navigation()
  slider = createSlider(0, 255, 100)
}

function draw()
{
  background(220)
}
```



### Notes

This just pops the slider on the bottom of the canvas.



### Code Explanation

<code>let slider</code>	Naming the slider object
<code>slider = createSlider(0, 255, 100)</code>	Creating a slider with values from 0-255 with a default setting of 100

Figure B3.3





## Sketch B3.4 slider value

We take the value of the slider and send it (via serial) to the Arduino.

```
sketch.js

let slider
let val

function setup()
{
  createCanvas(400, 400)
  navigation()
  slider = createSlider(0, 255, 100)
}

function draw()
{
  background(220)
  val = slider.value()
  serial.write(val)
}
```



### Notes

If you try this now, assuming you have connected successfully to the Arduino through a port, the LED on the board should correspond in brightness with the slider.



### Code Explanation

<code>let val</code>	The val variable
<code>val = slider.value()</code>	Read the value of the slider
<code>serial.write(val)</code>	Send the value of val to the serial port



## Sketch B3.5 visual

Just to add a bit of visualisation, we fill a circle according to the value and write the value on the canvas for good measure.

sketch.js

```
let slider
let val

function setup()
{
  createCanvas(400, 400)
  navigation()
  slider = createSlider(0, 255, 100)
}

function draw()
{
  background(220)
  val = slider.value()
  serial.write(val)
  fill(val)
  circle(200, 200, 200)
  fill('darkred')
  textSize(30)
  text('val: ' + val, 20, 40)
}
```



### Notes

Adding a circle and text to the p5.js sketch.

Figure B3.5

